Reg. No.



VII SEMESTER B.TECH. (AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING)

END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER 2020

SUBJECT: COMBUSTION AND HEAT TRANSFER [AAE4151]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

(28/12/2020)

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

(02)

(04)

(03)

Instructions to Candidates:

- ✤ Answer all the question compulsory.
- ✤ Missing data may be suitably assumed.
- **Solution** Use of Heat and Mass transfer Data Hand Book is allowed.
- **1A)** What is deflagration flame?
- **1B)** With a neat sketch, Discuss on various stages of combustion in CI engine.
- **1C)** With appropriate assumptions, obtain an expression for the temperature distribution **(04)** across a hollow cylinder made of a material having a constant thermal conductivity 'K'.
- 2A) A hollow sphere is made up of steel having thermal conductivity of 45W/m⁰C. It is heated (03) by means of coil of resistance 100Ω which carries a current 5A. The coil is located inside the hollow space at the center. The outer surface area of the sphere is 0.2m² and its mass is 32kg. Assuming the density of the sphere material as 8000kg/m³, calculate the temperature difference between the inner and outer surfaces.
- **2B)** With appropriate assumptions, obtain an expression for the heat transfer at the base of **(05)** a uniform straight fin having an isothermal tip.
- **2C)** State the Newton's law of cooling and define the convective heat transfer co-efficient. **(02)**
- **3A)** Describe the concept of fouling factor in heat exchangers.
- **3B)** A refrigerator is designed to cool 250kg/hr of hot liquid of $C_p = 3350 \text{ J/kgK}$ at 120°C **(05)** using parallel flow arrangement.1000kg/hr of cooling water is available for cooling purpose at a temperature of 10°C.If the overall heat transfer coefficient is 1160W/m²K and the surface area of the heat exchanger is 0.25m², Calculate the outlet temperature of cold liquid and hot liquid .Find the effectiveness of heat exchanger.
- **3C)** What is the significance of no-slip zone in convection heat transfer? (02)

4A) Engine oil at 80°C flows over a 6m long flat plate whose temperature is 30°C with a **(05)** velocity of 3 m/s .Determine the total drag force and the rate of heat transfer over the entire plate per unit width.

4B)	Write a note on types of condensation.	(03)
4C)	State any four advantages of dimensional analysis.	(02)
5A)	State Kirchhoff's Law. Also define (a) Absorptivity (b) Total emissive power.	(04)
5B)	Water is boiled at the rate of 25kg/h in a polished copper pan, 280mm in diameter, at atmospheric pressure .Assuming nucleate boiling conditions, calculate the temperature of the bottom surface of the pan.	(04)

5C) Discuss the significance of prandtl number and Grashoff number. (02)

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