



#### Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitable assumed.

1A.	Derive an expression to theoretically calculate the minimum number of trays if the relative volatility remains reasonably constant throughout the column (provided $x_D$ , $x_W$ and $\alpha$ are known).	3																																																																		
1B.	Consider Ponchon-Savarit method. Derive the theoretical expressions to determine heat load on condenser, reboiler and the hypothetic stream with a neat schematic diagram (marking all the streams). Also discuss about the significance of the hypothetic stream.	5																																																																		
1C.	What is the significance of introducing open steam in a distillation column? Also derive an expression to determine the slope of the lower operating line.	2																																																																		
2A.	100 moles of benzene and toluene containing 50 mole% benzene is subjected to a differential distillation at atmospheric pressure till the composition of the benzene in the residue is 33% by mole. Calculate the total moles of the mixture distilled. Assume $\alpha = 2.4$	3																																																																		
2B.	1000 kg of crushed oil seeds (19.5% oil, 80.5% meal) is extracted in a three-stage cross-current unit using 500 kg of pure hexane in each stage. The equilibrium data are as follows:	5																																																																		
	<table><tr><th colspan="3">Overflow (100 kg) solution</th><th colspan="3">Underflow (100 kg) slurry</th></tr><tr><th><math>W_A</math> (kg)</th><th><math>W_B</math> (kg)</th><th><math>W_C</math> (kg)</th><th><math>W'_A</math> (kg)</th><th><math>W'_B</math> (kg)</th><th><math>W'_C</math> (kg)</th></tr><tr><td>0.3</td><td>99.7</td><td>0</td><td>67.2</td><td>32.8</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0.45</td><td>90.6</td><td>8.95</td><td>67.1</td><td>29.94</td><td>2.96</td></tr><tr><td>0.54</td><td>84.54</td><td>14.92</td><td>66.93</td><td>28.11</td><td>4.96</td></tr><tr><td>0.70</td><td>74.47</td><td>24.83</td><td>66.58</td><td>25.06</td><td>8.36</td></tr><tr><td>0.77</td><td>69.46</td><td>29.77</td><td>66.26</td><td>23.62</td><td>10.12</td></tr><tr><td>0.91</td><td>60.44</td><td>38.65</td><td>65.75</td><td>20.9</td><td>13.35</td></tr><tr><td>0.99</td><td>54.45</td><td>44.56</td><td>65.33</td><td>19.07</td><td>15.6</td></tr><tr><td>1.19</td><td>44.46</td><td>54.35</td><td>64.39</td><td>16.02</td><td>19.59</td></tr><tr><td>1.28</td><td>38.50</td><td>60.22</td><td>63.77</td><td>14.13</td><td>22.10</td></tr></table>		Overflow (100 kg) solution			Underflow (100 kg) slurry			$W_A$ (kg)	$W_B$ (kg)	$W_C$ (kg)	$W'_A$ (kg)	$W'_B$ (kg)	$W'_C$ (kg)	0.3	99.7	0	67.2	32.8	0	0.45	90.6	8.95	67.1	29.94	2.96	0.54	84.54	14.92	66.93	28.11	4.96	0.70	74.47	24.83	66.58	25.06	8.36	0.77	69.46	29.77	66.26	23.62	10.12	0.91	60.44	38.65	65.75	20.9	13.35	0.99	54.45	44.56	65.33	19.07	15.6	1.19	44.46	54.35	64.39	16.02	19.59	1.28	38.50	60.22	63.77	14.13	22.10
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	Calculate the fraction of oil extracted using PS method.																																																	
2C.	<p>Calculate the equilibrium vapor phase composition of a liquid hexane–water mixture at 50°C, assuming that hexane and water are completely immiscible.</p> <p>The Antoine constant are given for pressure in torr at 50°C</p> <table><tr><td>Constants</td><td>Hexane</td><td>Water</td></tr><tr><td>A</td><td>6.87024</td><td>8.07131</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>1168.72</td><td>1730.63</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>224.21</td><td>233.426</td></tr></table>	Constants	Hexane	Water	A	6.87024	8.07131	B	1168.72	1730.63	C	224.21	233.426	2																																				
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3A.	A mixture of 35 mole % A and 65 mole % B is to be separated in a distillation column. 96% of the component A from the feed is in the distillate. The concentration of A in the distillate is 93 mole %. The feed is half vapor and reflux ratio is 4. The relative volatility is 2.5. How many equilibrium stages are required in each section of the column?	5																																																
3B.	Determine the minimum reflux ratio for the conditions given in question 3A.	2																																																
3C.	What are the assumptions involved in Mc Cabe Thiele (MT) method? Discuss about the graphical and physical considerations in MT method which proves that its assumptions are justified.	3																																																
4A.	<p>A feed of 1000 kg aqueous solution of pyridine per hour (50% by mass) is to be extracted with pure benzene to reduce the solute content in the raffinate to 2%. Determine the number of ideal stages required if the solvent rate is 1.3 times the minimum. (Use rectangular coordinate system)</p> <table><tr><th colspan="2">Water Layer</th><th colspan="2">Benzene Layer</th></tr><tr><th>Pyridine, mass %</th><th>Benzene, mass %</th><th>Pyridine, mass %</th><th>Benzene, mass %</th></tr><tr><td>1.17</td><td>0</td><td>3.28</td><td>94.54</td></tr><tr><td>3.55</td><td>0</td><td>9.75</td><td>87.46</td></tr><tr><td>7.39</td><td>0</td><td>18.35</td><td>79.49</td></tr><tr><td>13.46</td><td>0.15</td><td>26.99</td><td>71.31</td></tr><tr><td>22.78</td><td>0.25</td><td>31.42</td><td>66.46</td></tr><tr><td>32.15</td><td>0.44</td><td>34.32</td><td>64.48</td></tr><tr><td>42.47</td><td>2.38</td><td>36.85</td><td>59.35</td></tr><tr><td>48.87</td><td>3.99</td><td>39.45</td><td>56.43</td></tr><tr><td>49.82</td><td>4.28</td><td>39.27</td><td>55.72</td></tr><tr><td>56.05</td><td>19.56</td><td>48.39</td><td>40.05</td></tr></table>	Water Layer		Benzene Layer		Pyridine, mass %	Benzene, mass %	Pyridine, mass %	Benzene, mass %	1.17	0	3.28	94.54	3.55	0	9.75	87.46	7.39	0	18.35	79.49	13.46	0.15	26.99	71.31	22.78	0.25	31.42	66.46	32.15	0.44	34.32	64.48	42.47	2.38	36.85	59.35	48.87	3.99	39.45	56.43	49.82	4.28	39.27	55.72	56.05	19.56	48.39	40.05	10
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5A.	Discuss about spiral wound membranes and bundle of hollow fibers with schematic representation. Which among these is generally used in RO systems?	4																																																
5B.	Write a short note on any two pressure driven membrane types with their applications.	2																																																
5C.	Write a short note on any two solid-liquid contacting equipment which operates in counter-current mixing with a neat schematic diagram.	4																																																

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