



MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
MANIPAL
(A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

VII SEMESTER B.TECH. (AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING)

END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER 2020

SUBJECT: UNSTEADY AERODYNAMICS [AAE4071]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

(01/01/2020)

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to Candidates:



- 1A)** How the unsteady aerodynamics play a significant role in the study of aeroelastic effects of airfoil/or wing? **(02)**
- 1B)** What is quasi-steady aerodynamics? How it is different from steady and unsteady aerodynamics? **(03)**
- 1C)** List out five major factors that significantly affects the aerodynamic loads on a lifting surface. **(05)**
- 2A)** Derive the Laplace equation from the following potential flow equation. **(02)**

$$\nabla^2 \Phi - \frac{1}{a^2} \left[\frac{\partial^2 \Phi}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (q^2) + q \cdot \nabla \left(\frac{q^2}{2} \right) \right] = 0$$

- 2B)** Explain the major cause for the failure of Helios, the solar- and fuel-cell system powered unmanned aerial vehicle manufactured by AeroVironment? **(03)**
- 2C)** In the linearization, aerodynamic problem is divided into two distinct cases viz., thickness case and lifting case. Which one of these has the major contribution in lift generation. Justify it. **(05)**
- 3A)** How does the Bernoulli's equation help in solving an unsteady aerodynamic problem? **(03)**
- 3B)** Derive the potential flow equation with the help of seven primary equations that plays an important role in fluid dynamics. **(07)**
- 4A)** If the aerodynamic load value becomes complex number, how does it lead to flutter? **(02)**
- 4B)** Show the two important relations of inversion formula namely Soehngen Inversion integral for the finite interval integral problem. **(03)**
- 4C)** Explain in detail the off-body boundary condition of an unsteady aerodynamic problem. **(05)**

- 5A)** Specify a problem to which the Laplace equation can be used to solve for unsteady aerodynamics. **(02)**
- 5B)** Write a short note on free wake and prescribed wake model. **(06)**
- 5C)** Why do we need the Kutta condition in solving an aerodynamics of an airfoil and/ or wing? **(02)**