



## VII SEMESTER B.TECH (CIVIL) END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

DECEMBER 2020

SUBJECT: URBAN TRANSPORTATION PLANNING [CIE 4028]

Date of Exam:

Time of Exam:

Max. Marks: 50

### Instructions to Candidates:

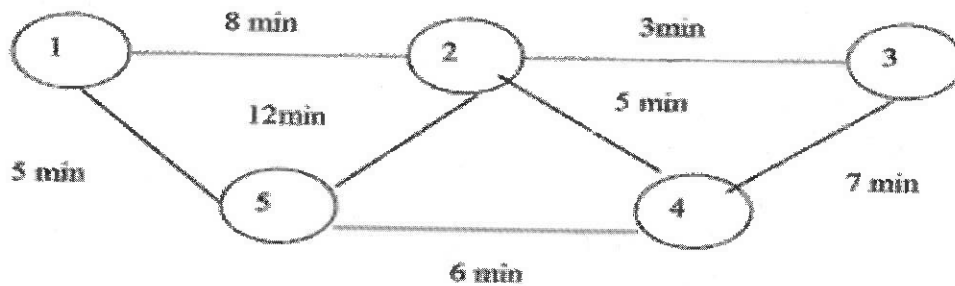
❖ Answer ALL the questions & missing data may be suitably assumed

1A.	What is Urban Transportation Planning? With a neat sketch explain the system approach to transportation planning.					5																																							
1B.	What is parking study? Explain the types and mention its applications.					5																																							
2A.	What is trip generation? Explain the factors influencing the trip generation.					5																																							
2B.	What are the assumptions and disadvantages of Category Analysis? Explain.					5																																							
3A.	The distribution of present trips among 4 zones A, B, C and D are given in the O-D matrix below. Distribute the future trips among the zones by Fratar Method.	O/D	A	B	C	D	5																																						
A		-	10	12	18																																								
B		10	-	14	14																																								
C		12	14	-	6																																								
D		18	14	6	-																																								
Present Totals		40	38	32	38																																								
Estimated future totals		80	114	48	38																																								
3B.	The number of trips produced in and attracted to the three zones 1,2 and 3 are tabulated as: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Zone</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>Total</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Trips Produced (Pi)</td><td>14</td><td>33</td><td>28</td><td>75</td></tr><tr><td>Trips Attracted (Aj)</td><td>33</td><td>28</td><td>14</td><td>75</td></tr></tbody></table> The order of closeness matrix and the Zonal L factors are given below <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>O/D</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>1</td></tr></tbody></table> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Zone</th><th>L Factors</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>0.04</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>0.02</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>0.04</td></tr></tbody></table> Distribute the trips between the zones up to second iteration using intervening opportunities model.					Zone	1	2	3	Total	Trips Produced (Pi)	14	33	28	75	Trips Attracted (Aj)	33	28	14	75	O/D	1	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	2	3	1	Zone	L Factors	1	0.04	2	0.02	3	0.04	5
Zone	1	2	3	Total																																									
Trips Produced (Pi)	14	33	28	75																																									
Trips Attracted (Aj)	33	28	14	75																																									
O/D	1	2	3																																										
1	1	2	3																																										
2	2	1	3																																										
3	2	3	1																																										
Zone	L Factors																																												
1	0.04																																												
2	0.02																																												
3	0.04																																												
4A.	Assign the vehicle trips shown in the following O-D trip table to the network, using the all-or-nothing assignment technique. To summarize your results, list all of the links in					6																																							

the network and their corresponding traffic volume after loading and also draw the minimum path tree showing the traffic volume in each link.

Trips between zones					
From/to	1	2	3	4	5
1		100	100	200	150
2	400		200	100	500
3	200	100		100	150
4	250	150	300		400
5	200	100	50	350	

**Highway Network:**



- 4B. A freeway section 10 miles long has a free-flow speed of 60 mph.  $Q_{\max} = 2000$  veh/hr,  $Q = 1000$  veh/hr,  $\tau = 0.1$ ,  $\alpha = 0.474$ , and  $\beta = 4$ , and  $T_0 = 10$  min. Apply the (a) Davidson's and (b) BPR's method to find travel time at traffic flow  $Q$  ( $T_Q$ ). 2

- 4C. Mention are the various characteristics that influence mode choice. 2

- 5A. The travel characteristics between two zones is given in the table below. Find the probability of using Auto and Transit mode by Logit Model. 3

Variable	Auto	Transit
$a_k$	-0.46	-0.07
$t_1$	20	30
$t_2$	8	6
$c$	320	100

- 5B. What are multiple route and capacity restraint assignment techniques? 2

- 5C. Explain Lowry Derivative land use model. 5