

# Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 15-Mar-2021 (09:00 AM - 12:00 PM)



**MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
MANIPAL  
(A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

FIRST SEMESTER B.TECH END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, MARCH 2021

**BASIC ELECTRONICS [ECE 1051 - 2020 -PHY]**

**Marks: 50**

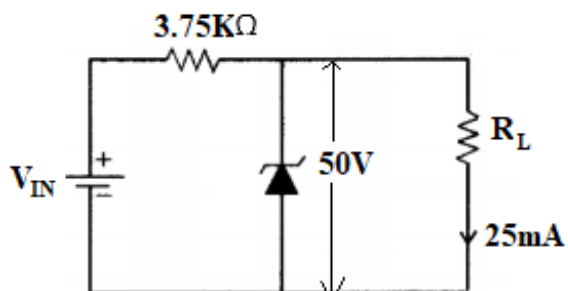
**Duration: 180 mins.**

**A**

**Answer all the questions.**

Instructions to Candidates: Answer ALL questions Missing data may be suitably assumed

- 1) Consider a sinusoidal voltage of  $200 \sin(2\pi 50t)$  volts applied to a bridge rectifier with turns ratio 10:1. If the load resistance is  $1k\Omega$ , diodes are ideal, calculate (4)
- A)
- i. Average load current.
  - ii. RMS load current
  - iii. Efficiency & Ripple factor
  - iv. Frequency of the output signal
- B) Draw a self-bias circuit using Silicon transistor having  $R_E = 200 \Omega$ ,  $R_1 = 10 k\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 100k\Omega$ ,  $R_C = 2k\Omega$ ,  $\beta = 100$  and  $V_{CC} = 12V$ . Find the Operating point (3)
- C) For the circuit shown, find the limits for  $V_{IN}$  for which it can vary without any loss in regulation. (3)  
Assume  $I_{ZMIN} = 5mA$  and  $I_{ZMAX} = 40mA$ .



- 2) Draw the circuit using two OPAMPs to realize  $V_0 = 2V_1 - 5V_2 + V_3$  where  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $V_3$  are the input voltages (4)
- A)
- B)
- i) The inputs  $V_1 = 3mV$  and  $V_2 = 2mV$  is given to the non-inverting and inverting terminals of an OPAMP, respectively. The differential gain is 60dB and CMRR is 40dB. Calculate the output voltage. (3)
  - ii) Realise an integrator using OPAMP and give its output expression for an input  $V_i = 10 \sin 200t$ .
- C) Explain, with necessary diagram, the working of an RC coupled amplifier with feedback and draw its frequency response. (3)
- 3) Simplify  $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15)$  using K-map and implement using AOI logic. (4)
- A)

- B) Obtain  $(25.50)_{10} - (67.75)_{10}$  using 2's complement method. (3)
- C) Draw the logic diagram of a 3-bit ripple-up counter using negative-edge triggered JK flip-flops. Sketch the timing diagram. (3)
- 4) An audio frequency signal  $10\sin(2\pi 500t)$  volts is used to amplitude modulate a carrier of  $50\sin(2\pi 10^5 t)$  volts. Determine the (4)
- A)
- Modulation index
  - Bandwidth required for transmission
  - Side band frequencies
- Also Plot the frequency spectrum of AM wave
- B) A 250 W, 100 kHz carrier is amplitude modulated to a depth of 75% by a modulating signal of 1 kHz frequency. Determine the total power transmitted in side band frequencies. (3)
- C) Given a frequency modulated signal  $v(t) = 10\sin(2\pi 10^8 t + 5\sin(2\pi 15000t))$ , Determine the (3)
- Modulation index
  - Modulating frequency
  - Frequency deviation
- 5) Draw the block diagram of a Digital Communication system and explain the function of each block. (4)
- A)
- B) Define sampling theorem. Consider an analog signal, (3)
- $$x(t) = 15\cos(50t) + 10\sin(100t) + 5\cos(150t)$$
- Determine the minimum sampling rate required to reconstruct the signal.
- C) Sketch the ASK, FSK and PSK waveforms for the given binary data 101101. (3)

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