

Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 01-Mar-2021 (09:00 AM - 12:00 PM)



MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
MANIPAL
(A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH(ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATION ENGG) DEGREE END SEMESTER
EXAMINATIONS, MARCH 2021

NETWORK ANALYSIS AND SIGNALS [ICE 2154]

Marks: 50

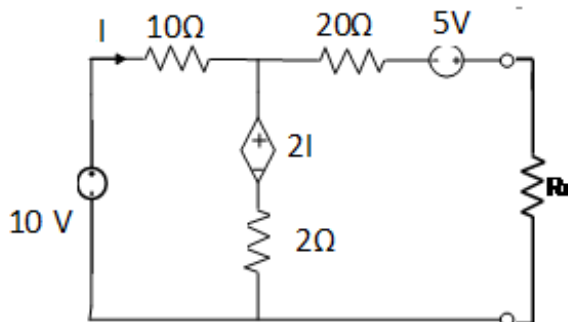
Duration: 180 mins.

A

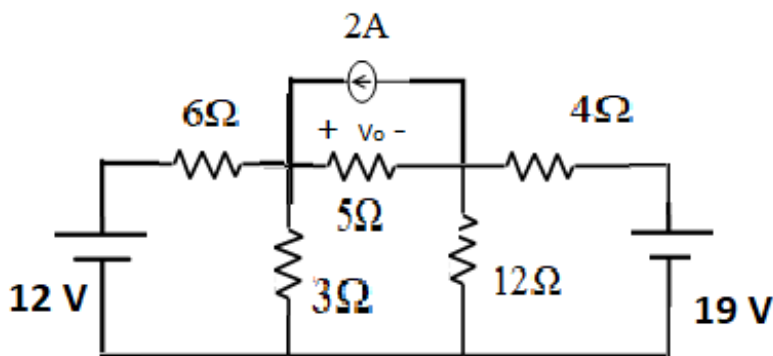
Answer all the questions.

- 1) In the circuit shown in figure below, R_L is a variable resistance. Find R_L for maximum power delivery to it and determine the power. (5)

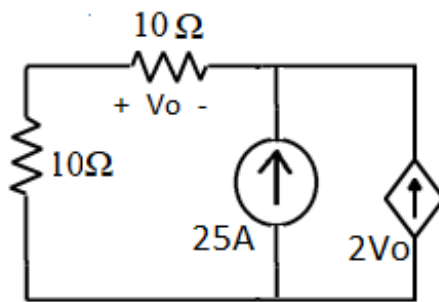
A)



- B) For the circuit shown in figure below, determine V_o using superposition theorem. (3)

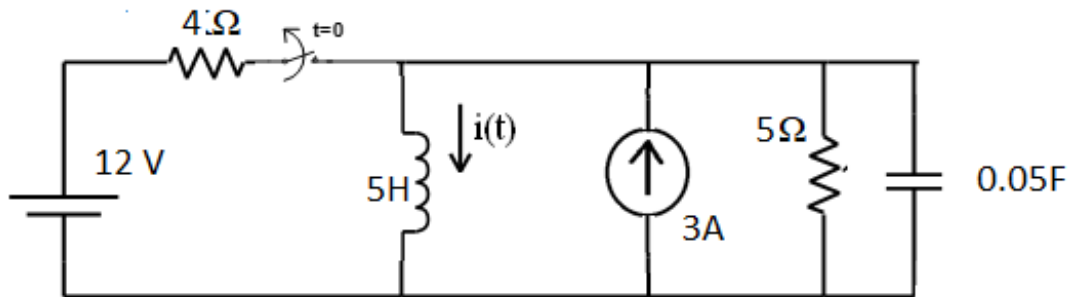


- C) Calculate the power dissipated by the controlled source in the circuit shown below. (2)

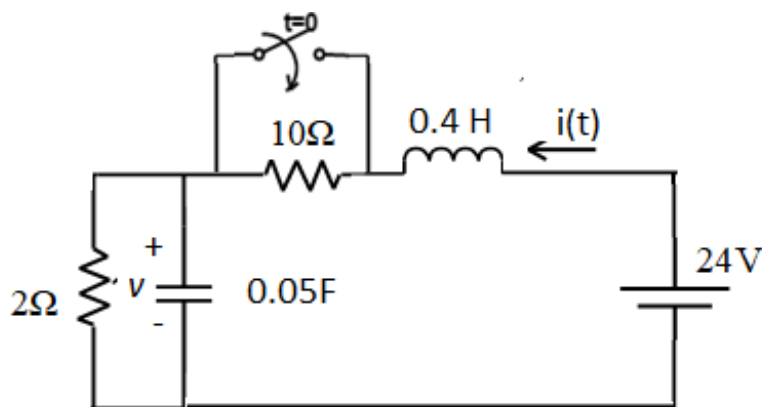


- 2) In the circuit shown in figure below switch is opened at $t = 0$, before which steady state has been reached. Find the current $i(t)$ for $t \geq 0$. (5)

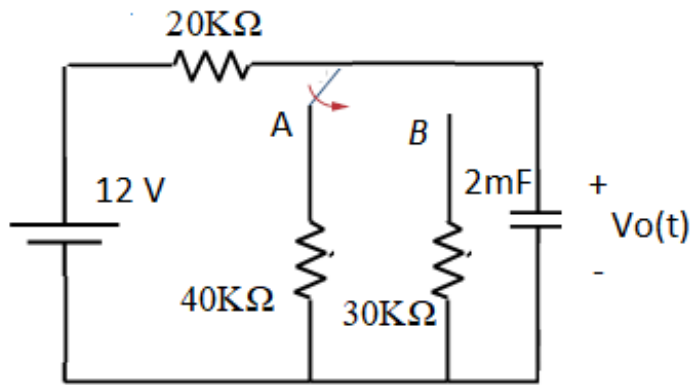
A)



- B) The switch in figure below was open for long time but closed at $t = 0$. Determine (a) $i(0+)$, $v(0+)$ (3)
(b) $di(0+)/dt$, $dv(0+)/dt$ (c) $i(\infty)$, $v(\infty)$.

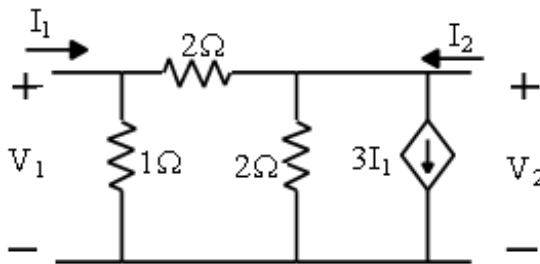


- C) Assuming that the switch shown in figure below has been in position A for a long time is moved to position B at $t = 0$. Find $V_o(t)$ for $t \geq 0$. (2)

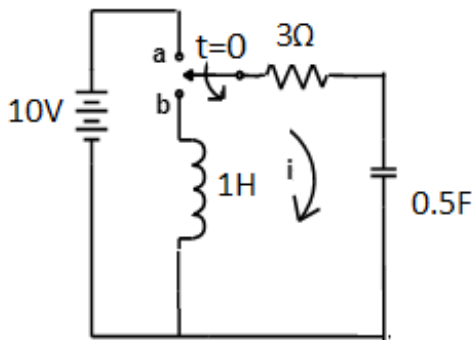


- 3) Find the Z and Y parameters of the network shown in figure below. (5)

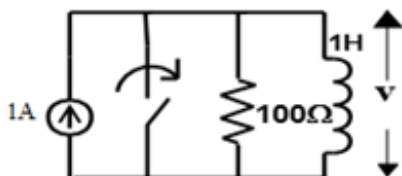
A)



- B) The switch shown in figure below was at position a for a long time and is moved to position b at $t = 0$. Obtain expression for current $i(t)$ for $t \geq 0$ using Laplace transform method. (3)



- C) In the circuit shown in figure below, switch is opened at $t=0$ before which a steady state has been reached. Using Laplace transform, find the expression for $v(t)$ for $t \geq 0$. (2)



- 4) Evaluate and plot $y(t)/y(n)$. (5)

A)

- (i) $y(t) = x(t) * h(t)$, where $x(t) = \delta(t+1) - \delta(t-1)$ and $h(t) = r(t+1) - r(t) - 2u(t) + u(t)$
 ii. $y(n) = x(n) * h(n)$, where $x(n) = u(n) - u(n-4)$ and $h(n) = u(n) - u(n-5)$

B) Evaluate the energy and power of the signal (i) $x(t) = tu(t)$ (ii) $x(n) = u(n) - 2u(n-4) + u(n-8)$. (3)

C) Determine whether the LTI systems given below are causal and stable. (2)

i. $h(n) = (-0.5)^n u(n-1)$

ii. $h(t) = e^{2t} u(-t)$

5) An LTI system is described by the differential equation (5)

A)
$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 5 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 6y(t) = x(t)$$

Determine (i) Frequency response of the system (ii) Impulse response of the system (iii) Output of the system for an input $x(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$.

B) Find $x(t)$ if (3)

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{2 \sin(\omega)}{\omega(j\omega + 1)}$$

C) Obtain Fourier representation of $x(t) = \sin(\pi t) + \cos(2\pi t) + \sin(5\pi t)$. Plot the spectrum. (2)

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