



INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR APPLIED SCIENCES

MAHE, MANIPAL

B.Sc. (Applied Sciences) in Engg.

End – Semester Theory Examinations – May 2021

IV SEMESTER: DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS (ICS 244)
(BRANCH: CSE)

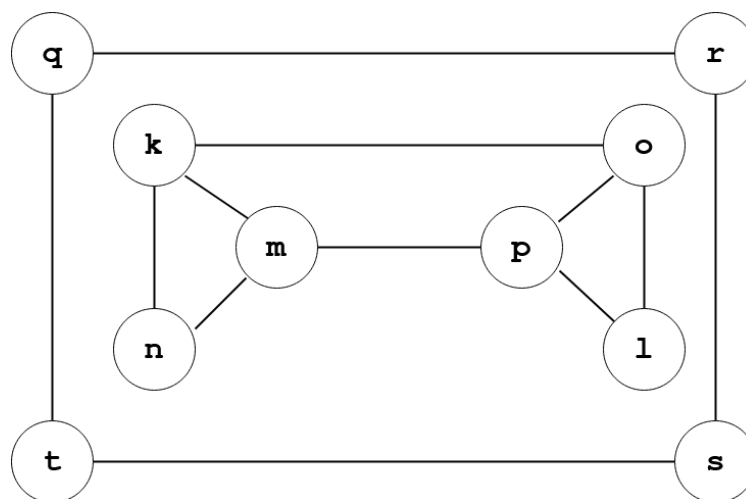
Time: 3 Hours

Date: 24 May 2021

Max. Marks: 50

- ✓ Answer ALL Questions.
- ✓ Missing data, if any, may be suitably assume.

- 1A.** Write an algorithm to check the primality of a positive number n . Also, explain how to determine the input size of the number n with the help of Asymptotic notation? (3)
- 1B.** Generate an 2-3 tree for the keys: 10, 6, 9, 4, 3, 5, 8.
At each step, mention the rotation applied and why? (3)
- 1C.** Show that the efficiency analysis framework ignores multiplicative constants and concentrates on the count's order of growth to within a constant multiple for large-size inputs. (4)
- 2A.** Perform a DFS traversal starting with k and follow alphabetical order to construct a DFS forest with the tree (solid line) and back edges (dashed line). Show the traversal (the first subscript number indicates the order in which a vertex is visited and pushed onto the stack; the second one indicates the order in which it is popped). (5)



- 2B.** What is a brute force algorithm? Write an algorithm for a 3-digit combination lock of a suitcase and explain the same. (5)

3A. Determine the number of character comparisons made by the brute-force algorithm in searching for the pattern GANDHI in the text.

THERE_IS_MORE_TWO_LIFE_THAN_INCREASING_ITS_SPEED

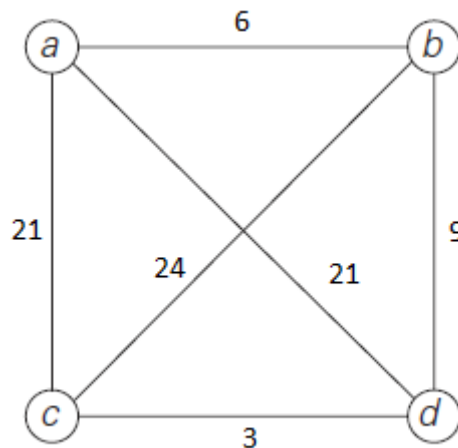
Count underscore symbol as a character as well. (4)

3B. Write the pseudocode of bubble sort algorithm and sort the given list in ascending order: 90, 46, 69, 91, 30, 35, 18. Show each pass of the algorithm. (3)

3C. Compute the time complexity for the above algorithm. How it can be computed with the help of Input size, basic operation, $C(n)$. (3)

4A. Generate an AVL tree for the keys: 41, 21, 11, 26, 31, 23, 51. (5)
At each step mention the rotation applied and why.

4B. What is Travelling Salesman Problem? Explain Hamiltonian circuit. (5)
Find the optimal tour for the given circuit.



5A. Perform comparison-counting sort for the numbers 60, 30, 85, 90, 20, 45. (4)
Show detailed steps and contents of the extra array used to perform the sort.

5B. Consider the following algorithm. (6)

ALGORITHM Foo(n)

//Input: A nonnegative integer n

Sum \leftarrow 0

for i \leftarrow 1 to n do

 Sum \leftarrow Sum + i/i!

return Sum

- What does this algorithm compute?
- What is its basic operation?
- How many times is the basic operation executed?
- What is the efficiency class of this algorithm?
