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**MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
**MANIPAL**  
*(A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)*

**I SEMESTER M.TECH. (AVIONICS)**

**END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, FEB/MARCH 2021**

**SUBJECT: COMPUTATIONAL METHODS [MAT 5161]**

**REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM**  
**(05/03/2021)**

Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

**Instructions to Candidates:**

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitable assumed.

1A	Solve $xy'' + y = 0$ , $y'(1) = 0$ , $y(2) = 1$ with $h = 0.5$ by finite difference method.	<b>3 Marks</b>
1B	Solve $32u_t = u_{xx}$ , $0 < x < 1$ , $t > 0$ under the conditions $u(x, 0) = 0$ , $u(0, t) = 100 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{6}\right)$ , $u(1, t) = 0$ . Take $h = \frac{1}{4}$ and $\lambda = \frac{1}{2}$ , compute $u$ for four time steps using Schmidt's explicit formula.	<b>3 Marks</b>
1C	Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + z$ , $\frac{dz}{dx} = x - y^2$ for $x = 0.1$ using R K method, given that $y(0) = 2$ , $z(0) = 1$ (take $h = 0.1$ ).	<b>4 Marks</b>
2A	Solve the given system of equations $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 8 & 22 \\ 3 & 22 & 82 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$ using the Cholesky's method	<b>3 Marks</b>
2B	Find $y$ when $x = 0.3$ from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$ , $y(0) = 1$ using Euler's Modified formula (take $h = 0.1$ ).	<b>3 Marks</b>
2C	Using Birge-Vieta method, find an approximate root of a given nonlinear equation $2x^3 - 5x + 1 = 0$ . Use initial approximation $p_0 = 0.5$ . Perform 2 iterations.	<b>4 Mark</b>
3A	Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = e^{-a x }$ , $a > 0$	<b>3 Marks</b>

3B	Solve $u_{tt} = u_{xx}$ , $0 < x < 1, t > 0$ , $u(x, 0) = 100\sin\pi x$ , $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) = 0$ , $u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0$ . Take $h = \frac{1}{4}$ , compute $u$ for four time steps.	<b>3 Marks</b>
3C	Apply Laplace transform to solve the differential equation $y'' + y = t$ , $y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -2$ .	<b>4 Mark</b>
4A	Evaluate: (i) $L\{e^{-2t} t \cos 3t\}$ (ii) $L^{-1}\left\{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)\right\}$	<b>3 Marks</b>
4B	Using Fourier integral representation, show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos\omega x}{1+\omega^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-x}$ , $x \geq 0$	<b>3 Marks</b>
4C	With $h = \frac{1}{3}$ , solve $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$ , $0 < x < 1, 0 < y < 1$ , given $u(0, y) = u(x, 0) = 0, u(1, y) = u(x, 1) = 100$ .	<b>4 Mark</b>
5A	A breeder reactor converts the relatively stable Uranium 238 into the isotope plutonium 239. After 15 years it is found that 0.043 percent of the initial amount $x_0$ of the plutonium has disintegrated. Find the half-life of this isotope, if the rate of disintegration is proportional to the remaining amount.	<b>3 Marks</b>
5B	Illustrate 10 characteristics of mathematical modelling.	<b>3 Marks</b>
5C	Water is heated to the boiling point temperature $100^\circ\text{C}$ . It is then removed from heat and kept in a room which is at a constant temperature of $60^\circ\text{C}$ . After 3 minutes, the temperature of the water is $90^\circ\text{C}$ . (a) Find the temperature of water after 6 minutes (b) When will be the temperature of water be $75^\circ\text{C}$	<b>4 Mark</b>