Reg. No.



MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MANIPAL (A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

FIRST SEMESTER M.TECH (MECHTRONICS) SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

## August 2021

## SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS FOR SIMULATION AND MODELLING [MAT -5162] REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM (20/08/2021)

Time: 2-5 PM Hours

MAX. MARKS: 40

Instructions to Candidates:

- ✤ Answer FOUR FULL questions.
- ✤ Missing data's can be assumed suitably

1A.	Write the twelve point procedure for solving problems through Mathematical modelling.	5
1 <b>B</b> .	Solve the system of equations by LU decomposition method x + 2y + z = 0, $2x + 2y + 3z = 3$ , $-x - 3y = 2$	5
2A.	solve the following system of equations using SOR method 3x - y + z = -1, -x + 3y - z = 7, x - y + 3z = -7. Carryout three iterations.(where over relaxation factor (w =1.25)	5
2B.	Using Runge – kutta method solve $y'' = x(y')^2 - y^2$ , $x = 0.2$ , $y(0) = 1$ , $y'(0) = 0$ to find $y(0.2)$ and $y'(0.2)$ .	5
3A.	Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ , $0 < x < 1$ , $t > 0$ . $u(x,0) = 0$ , $\frac{\partial u(x,0)}{\partial t} = 0$ , $u(0, t) = 0$ , $u(1,t) = 100 \sin \pi t$ . choosing $h = 0.25$ , compute u for three time steps.	5

3B.	Perform one iteration to extract a quadratic factor using Lin – Bairstow's method from the polynomial $x^4 + 5x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x - 9 = 0$ . P <sub>0</sub> = 3, Q <sub>0</sub> = -5.	5
<b>4A.</b>	Solve the boundary value problem $y'' + x^2y = 0$ , $y(0) = 0 = y(1)$ , using Galerkine method and hence find the value of $y(0.5)$	5
<b>4B.</b>	The profit per acre of a form is $f(x_1, x_2) = 20x_1 + 26x_2 + 4x_1x_2 - 4x_1^2 - 3x_2^2$ Where $x_1$ is labor cost and $x_2$ is the fertilizer cost. Find the value of $x_1$ and $x_2$ to maximize the profit using Hessian matrix.	5
5A.	Minimize $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + 60x$ subject to $x \ge 80$ , $x + y \ge 120$ using Kuhn –Tucker conditions.	5
5B.	Find the maximum value of the function $f(x_1, x_2) = 2x_1 + x_2 + 10$ subject to $g(x_1, x_2) = x_1 + 2x_2^2 - 3 = 0$ using Lagrange's multiplier method.	5
6A.	Use Dijkstra's algorithm on the connected weighted graph to find the shortest path from 'e' to 'f' $e^{18}$ $f^{18}$ $f^{10}$	5
<b>6B.</b>	Write adjacency, incidence matrix for the graph shown in figure below $e_3 \xrightarrow{e_1}_{e_2} \xrightarrow{e_1}_{e_2} \xrightarrow{b}_{e_5} \xrightarrow{e_6} g$	5