



MANIPAL
ACADEMY of HIGHER EDUCATION
(Deemed to be University under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956)

Reg. No.

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES, I SEMESTER M.Sc., (Chemistry)
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, (Makeup) March 2022
Physical Chemistry-I [CHM 5103]
(CBCS Scheme)

Time: 2 Hours

Date: 16 March 2022

MAX. MARKS: 40

Note: (i) Answer **any four full** questions.

(ii) Draw diagrams, and write equations wherever necessary

- 1 A** Explain the following with appropriate reasoning
- (a) During thermal oxidation of hydrogen, first two explosion limits are isothermal limits whereas third limit is thermal explosion limit
 - (b) Arrhenius equation is useful tool to evaluate energy of activation of a chemical reaction.
 - (c) Order and molecularity of reaction need not be same
- 1 B** Temperature of the reaction was increased from T_1 to T_2 . If the product of T_1 and T_2 is equal to $\frac{E_a}{0.0693R}$ and the difference $(T_2 - T_1)$ is 10, what is the value of ratio of rate constants?
- 1 C** Explain the assumption of CTST. Based on CTST, derive an equation to relate rate constant and thermodynamic parameters of a gas phase reaction [3+ 2+5]
- 2 A** Explain the following with appropriate reasoning
- (a) In gas phase reaction, not all collisions lead to the formation of products
 - (b) In solution phase reaction, variation of rate constant with ionic strength helps to understand the mechanism of reaction
 - (c) Activated complex and energized molecules are not same
- 2 B** Write assumptions of B.E.T adsorption isotherm and write mathematical form of it. Explain how it is useful in explaining Type II to Type V adsorption isotherms.
- 2 C** Explain characteristic features of enzyme catalysis. Derive Michaelis-Menten equation, and explain the determination of K_m by graphical methods [3+ 2+5]
- 3 A** Deduce any two Maxwell's relations.
- 3 B** Calculate the thickness of ionic atmosphere for 0.01 M 1:2 electrolytes in water at 298 K (Dielectric constant = 78.54)

- 3 C** Write an explanatory note on the following
(i) Influence of pH on reaction rate of acid base catalysis. (Draw suitable graph)
(ii) Mechanism of uni-molecular and bi molecular surface reactions.
[3+ 2+5]
- 4 A** (i) The latent heat of vaporization of benzene at its boiling point (80 °C) is 743 cal mol⁻¹. What is the vapour pressure of benzene at 27 °C ?
(ii) Calculate the standard free energy of formation of NH₃ (g) , NO(g) and H₂O(l) are -16.8, 86.7 and -237.2 kJmol⁻¹ respectively
- 4 B** Justify: a) Fugacity of a gas can both be less or more than the pressure.
b) Eutectic is a mixture and not a compound.
- 4 C** Mention any two merits and limitations of phase rule. Explain in detail the phase diagram of Na₂SO₄ – NaCl – H₂O
[3+ 2+5]
- 5 A** Deduce Gibbs – Duhem equation. Give its significance.
- 5 B** (i) Calculate the mean ionic activity coefficient of K₂SO₄ at a molality of 0.001 in aqueous solution at 25 °C
(ii) Justify: Work is not a state function while entropy change is a state function.
- 5 C** Discuss the structure of electrified interfaces with reference to the Stern model.
[3+ 2+5]
