



# MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MANIPAL

A Constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal

Reg. No.

## VI SEMESTER B.TECH. (COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING)

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2023

SUBJECT: DATA WAREHOUSE AND DATA MINING [CSE 4060]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM  
(--/05/2022)

Time: 3 Hours

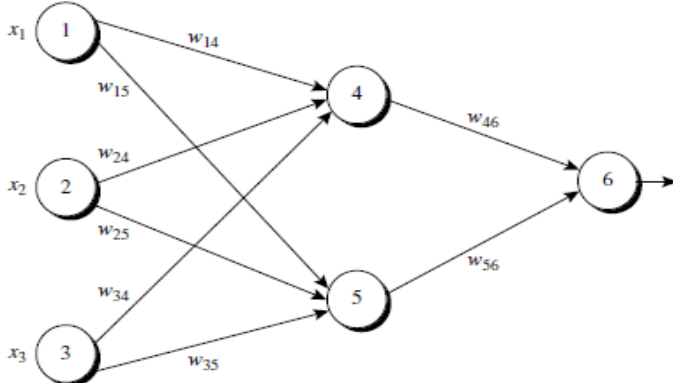
MAX. MARKS: 50

#### Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ALL FIVE** questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed.

1A.	Present a detailed outline of any four aspects of Mining methodology.	4																				
1B.	Summarize any four architectural types of Data Warehouses.	4																				
1C.	With the help of sufficient examples examine any 4 descriptors inside the Dimensional table of a Star Schema model	2																				
2A.	With the help of an example present an elaborate summarization of the general principles and method of application of Type 2 changes to Data Warehouses	5																				
2B.	Justify how Immediate Data extraction is carried out in Data Warehouses	3																				
2C.	With the help of an example, compare Interval Scaled and Ratio scaled attribute types	2																				
3A.	<div>For the given dataset, assuming minimum support is set to a value of 2, generate all frequent itemsets using the FP-Growth algorithm. Show the detailed steps by constructing the Conditional (Sub-)Pattern Bases and also show the conditional FP-tree associated with the conditional node I3 using pictorial representation.</div> <table><tr><th>TID</th><th>List of item_IDs</th></tr><tr><td>T100</td><td>I1, I2, I5</td></tr><tr><td>T200</td><td>I2, I4</td></tr><tr><td>T300</td><td>I2, I3</td></tr><tr><td>T400</td><td>I1, I2, I4</td></tr><tr><td>T500</td><td>I1, I3</td></tr><tr><td>T600</td><td>I2, I3</td></tr><tr><td>T700</td><td>I1, I3</td></tr><tr><td>T800</td><td>I1, I2, I3, I5</td></tr><tr><td>T900</td><td>I1, I2, I3</td></tr></table>	TID	List of item_IDs	T100	I1, I2, I5	T200	I2, I4	T300	I2, I3	T400	I1, I2, I4	T500	I1, I3	T600	I2, I3	T700	I1, I3	T800	I1, I2, I3, I5	T900	I1, I2, I3	5
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3B.	Design the Apriori algorithm to discover frequent itemsets for mining Boolean association rules	3																				
3C.	For the contingency table shown in Table 3C determine what type of correlation exists between buying game and buying video	2																				

Table 3C

	<div><div>2 × 2 Contingency Table Summarizing the Transactions with Respect to Game and Video Purchases</div><table><tr><th></th><th>game</th><th>game</th><th>Σ<sub>row</sub></th></tr><tr><th>video</th><td>4000</td><td>3500</td><td>7500</td></tr><tr><th>video</th><td>2000</td><td>500</td><td>2500</td></tr><tr><th>Σ<sub>col</sub></th><td>6000</td><td>4000</td><td>10,000</td></tr></table></div>		game	game	Σ <sub>row</sub>	video	4000	3500	7500	video	2000	500	2500	Σ <sub>col</sub>	6000	4000	10,000													
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Σ <sub>col</sub>	6000	4000	10,000																											
4A.	<div><div>Consider the following figure showing a multilayer feed-forward neural network. Let the learning rate be 0.9. The initial weight and bias values of the network are given in Table 1, Classify the tuple, X =(1, 0, 1) with a class label of 1 using Backpropagation algorithm. Show all steps in detail for the first iteration.</div><div><p>Initial Input, Weight, and Bias Values</p><table><tr><th>x<sub>1</sub></th><th>x<sub>2</sub></th><th>x<sub>3</sub></th><th>w<sub>14</sub></th><th>w<sub>15</sub></th><th>w<sub>24</sub></th><th>w<sub>25</sub></th><th>w<sub>34</sub></th><th>w<sub>35</sub></th><th>w<sub>46</sub></th><th>w<sub>56</sub></th><th>θ<sub>4</sub></th><th>θ<sub>5</sub></th><th>θ<sub>6</sub></th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0.2</td><td>−0.3</td><td>0.4</td><td>0.1</td><td>−0.5</td><td>0.2</td><td>−0.3</td><td>−0.2</td><td>−0.4</td><td>0.2</td><td>0.1</td></tr></table></div></div>	x <sub>1</sub>	x <sub>2</sub>	x <sub>3</sub>	w <sub>14</sub>	w <sub>15</sub>	w <sub>24</sub>	w <sub>25</sub>	w <sub>34</sub>	w <sub>35</sub>	w <sub>46</sub>	w <sub>56</sub>	θ <sub>4</sub>	θ <sub>5</sub>	θ <sub>6</sub>	1	0	1	0.2	−0.3	0.4	0.1	−0.5	0.2	−0.3	−0.2	−0.4	0.2	0.1	5
x <sub>1</sub>	x <sub>2</sub>	x <sub>3</sub>	w <sub>14</sub>	w <sub>15</sub>	w <sub>24</sub>	w <sub>25</sub>	w <sub>34</sub>	w <sub>35</sub>	w <sub>46</sub>	w <sub>56</sub>	θ <sub>4</sub>	θ <sub>5</sub>	θ <sub>6</sub>																	
1	0	1	0.2	−0.3	0.4	0.1	−0.5	0.2	−0.3	−0.2	−0.4	0.2	0.1																	
4B.	With the help of examples give a detailed outline of the pruning techniques involved in mining Closed and Maximal Itemsets	3																												
4C.	Present a summary of the commonly used approaches for pruning Decision Trees	2																												
5A.	With the help of a diagram furnish an elaborate breakdown of the procedure involved in Agglomerative and Divisive Hierarchical clustering of data objects.	4																												
5B.	Using sufficient illustration present an intricate summary of the working of CHAMELEON algorithm for clustering of data.	4																												
5C.	With the help of a diagram examine how Support Vector Machines classify data when data are linearly separable	2																												