Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 14-Jun-2023 (09:30 AM - 12:30 PM)



MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR APPLIED SCIENCES END SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION - MAY 2023 II SEMESTER B.Sc (Applied Sciences) in Engg.

CHEMISTRY [ICH 121 - S2]

Duration: 180 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer all the questions.

Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed

		Explain the origin of potential at the electrodes of a galvanic cell.	(3)
A)	I		
	II	The equilibrium constant for the reaction is 4.0.	(2)
		$CH_3COOH + C_2H_5OH \longleftarrow CH_3COOC_2H_5 + H_2O$ What will be the	
		composition of the equilibrium mixture, if 1 moles of acid is taken along with 8 moles of alcohol.	
B)		What are vander Waals forces? Explain the Following	(3)
	I		
		iii) London forces	
	П	Explain the following with a suitable example	(2)
		a) Homolytic fission	
		b) Heterolytic fission	
		One mole of an ideal gas in 22.4 litres is expanded isothermally reversible	(3)
A)	I	(a) w (b) q (c) Δ H (d) Δ G (e) Δ S	
	II	What is a first-order reaction? Derive an expression for rate constant of first order reaction.	(2)
B)		Discuss the following types of organic reactions with a suitable example.	(3)
	Ι	(a) Substitution reaction (b) Elimination reaction (c) Rearrangement	
	II	Describe the formation of σ molecular orbitals resulting from the overlapping p-orbitals along the internuclear axis.	(2)
		Describe the construction and working of a calomel electrode.Mention any two advantages.	(3)
	B)	II B) I II A) I II B) I	 A) 1 ^{II} The equilibrium constant for the reaction is 4.0. CH₃COOH + C₂H₅OH ← CH₃COOC₂H₅ + H₂O What will be the composition of the equilibrium mixture, if 1 moles of acid is taken along with 8 moles of alcohol. ^{B)} What are vander Waals forces? Explain the Following ^I Dipole-dipole interactions ^{II} Ion-dipole interactions ^{III} London forces ^{III} Explain the following with a suitable example A) Homolytic fission B) Heterolytic fission Cone mole of an ideal gas in 22.4 litres is expanded isothermally reversible at 300 K to a volume of 22.4 litres and 1/10 atm. Calculate (a) w (b) q (c) ΔH (d) ΔG (e) ΔS ^{III} What is a first-order reaction? Derive an expression for rate constant of first order reaction. B) Discuss the following types of organic reactions with a suitable example. (a) Substitution reaction (b) Elimination reaction (c) Rearrangement ^{III} Describe the formation of σ molecular orbitals resulting from the overlapping p-orbitals along the internuclear axis. Describe the construction and working of a calomel electrode.Mention any

A) I Ш A first order reaction is 40% complete in 50 minutes. Calculate the value of (2) the rate constant. In what time will the reaction be 80% complete? B) (3) What is Born-Haber cycle? How can we obtain lattice energy of a NaCl I with its help? (2) Ш Discuss collision theory (Lindemann's theory) of reaction rates. (3)Derive Gibb's-Helmholtz equation. A) L Ш (2)Consider the following cell: Ni/Ni²⁺(0.01M)//Cu²⁺(0.5M)/Cu. The standard reduction potential of Ni and Cu are -0.25 and 0.34 V respectively. Write the electrode reactions and calculate the EMF of the cell at 298 K. B) What is sp hybridization? Discuss the shape of beryllium fluoride based on ⁽³⁾ L this hybridization. (2) Ш In k versus 1/T graph was plotted to calculate the activation energy of a reaction using arrhenius equation for the effect of temperature on reaction rate. The slope of the straight line was found to be -2.55 x 10⁴. Calculate the activation energy of the reaction. (3)What are the necessary conditions required for a molecule to exhibit optical isomerism? Explain the optical isomerism in tartaric acid. A) I 25 mL of 0.01 AgNO3 is mixed with 25 mL of 0.0005 M aqueous Ш (2) NaCl solution. Determine whether the precipitate of AgCl will be formed or ot? Given K_{sp} (AgCl) = 1.7 x 10¹⁰ M². B) (3) Describe the formation of \square orbitals by the lateral overlap of p- atomic I orbitals and also draw molecular orbital energy level diagram for oxygen molecule.

4)

5)

^{II} The cell SCE// (0.1M) HCI/AgCI(s)/Ag gave emf of 0.24 V and 0.26 V with ⁽²⁾ buffer having pH value 2.8 and unknown pH value respectively. Calculate the pH value of unknown buffer solution. (Given E_{SCE} = 0.2422 V)

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