

Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 05-Jan-2024 (09:30 AM - 12:30 PM)



MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH. EXAMINATIONS - JANUARY 2024
SUBJECT: CSE 2121- COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ARCHITECTURE

Marks: 50

Duration: 180 mins.

Answer all the questions.

- 1A) Consider that a list of 32-bit positive integers are stored in the memory from the location named LIST. The word at address ELE is to hold the value of the smallest number after it has been found in this list. Assuming, the number of entries in the list is present at the memory location N, Write a RISC-style program to find the smallest number in the list. (5)
- 1B) Convert the following pairs of decimal numbers to 6-bit 2's-complement numbers and perform the operation mentioned. State whether overflow occurs or not in each case. Also, if overflow has occurred, state why it has occurred. (2)
- i) Add 4 and 11
 - ii) Subtract -9 from -2
- 1C) Perform floating point multiplication of the following numbers and represent the result in IEEE 32 bit format. (3)
- $X = 3.344 \times 10^{-1}$ and $Y = 8.877 \times 10^{-2}$
- 2A) Apply the Non-Restoring division algorithm to perform the following division 14/3 (3)
- 2B) Express the following number in IEEE 32-bit floating-point format. (2)
- (i) $1/16$
- 2C) Consider the state diagram given below in figure 2C. Based on the below diagram perform the following: (5)
- i) Draw the block diagram of the controller
 - ii) Draw the logic diagram of the controller indicating appropriate counter, decoder and sequence controller
 - iii) Derive the truth table of the sequence controller and provide expressions for the output terms of the sequence controller
 - iv) Implement the sequence controller with the PLA .

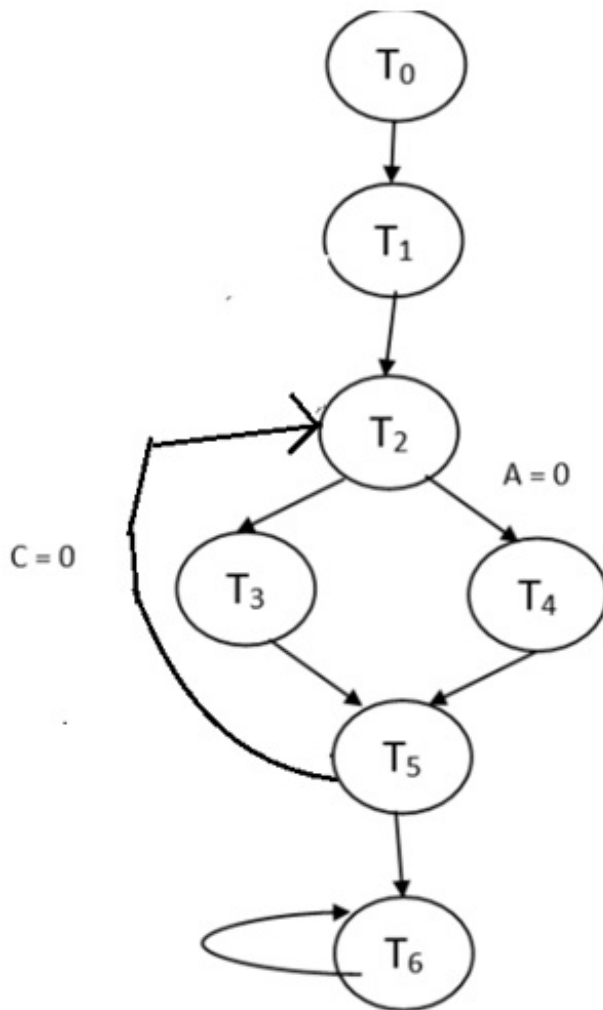


Fig. No 2C

- 3A) Draw neat diagrams of one bus and three bus architectures. Analyse the number of clock cycles to (3)
 assuming that the source and destination are the general-purpose
 $R2 \leftarrow R0 + R1$,
 registers.
- 3B) Design a 2G×32 memory module using 256×8 static memory chips. Draw a neat diagram indicating (5)
 address lines, data lines and explain its working.
- 3C) Consider a 4-way set associative mapped cache of size 32 KB with block size 256 bytes. The size (2)
 of main memory is 128 MB. Find the size of tag, set and word fields.
- 4A) Explain how write-buffers enhance cache accesses in the case of write-through and write-back (3)
 protocols.
- 4B) Explain disk controller and its functions. Consider a disk that has an average seek time of 32ns and (5)
 a rotational rate of 360rpm. Each track of the disk has 512 sectors and each sector has a size of 512
 bytes. What is the time taken to read four continuous sectors? Also, determine the data transfer
 rate.
- 4C) How are interrupts from multiple devices handled through vectored interrupts? (2)
- 5A) What is the need for cache coherence in a shared-memory multiprocessor architecture? Explain (5)
 how Write-back protocol ensures cache coherence.
- 5B) Briefly explain how processor and GPU co-ordinate execution of instructions in a computing system. (3)
- 5C) Compare and contrast Memory-mapped I/O and I/O mapped I/O addressing techniques (2)

-----End-----