

Exam Date & Time: 10-Jan-2024 (02:30 PM - 05:30 PM)



MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

VII SEMESTER B.TECH END SEMESTER MAKE-UP EXAMINATIONS, JAN 2024

AUTOMATIC CONTROL ENGINEERING [MME 4062]

Marks: 50

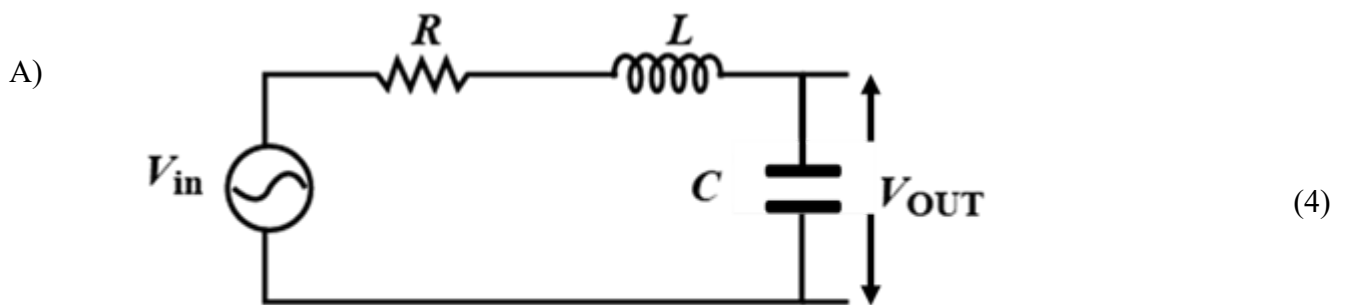
Duration: 180 mins.

A

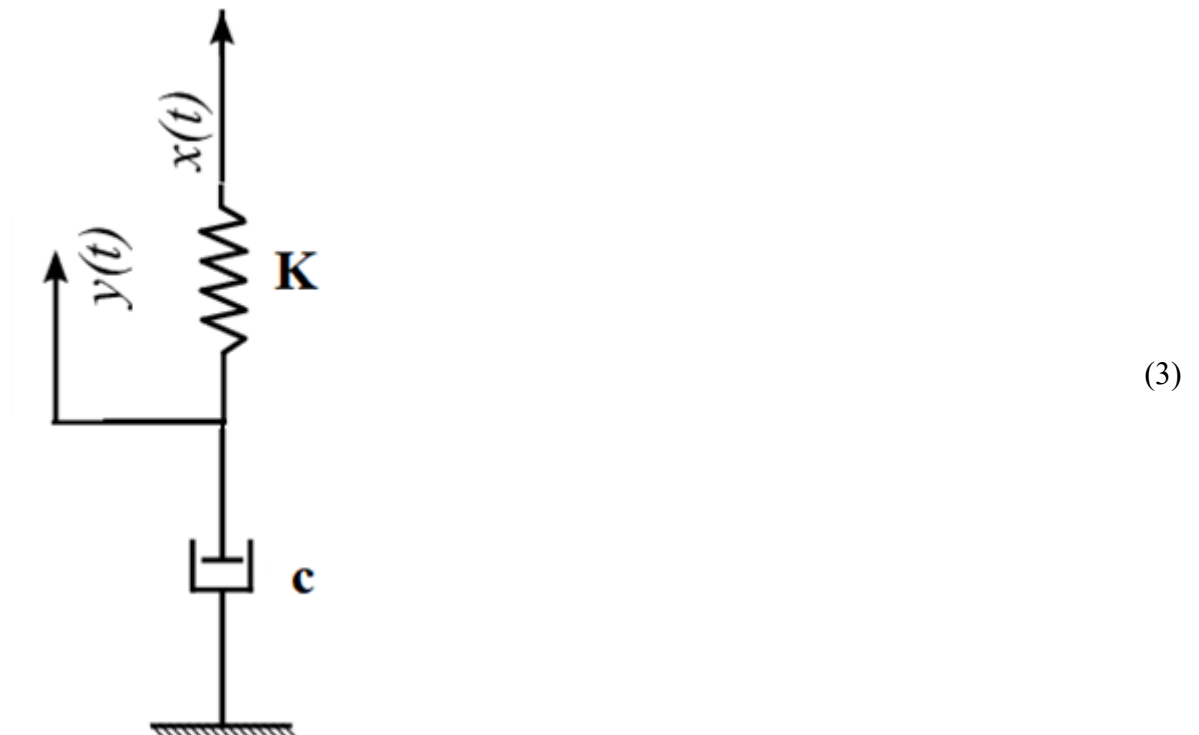
Answer all the questions.

Instructions to Candidates: Answer ALL questions

- 1) Obtain the transfer function for the R-L-C circuit as shown in figure.



- B) Obtain the transfer function for the spring damper as shown in figure.

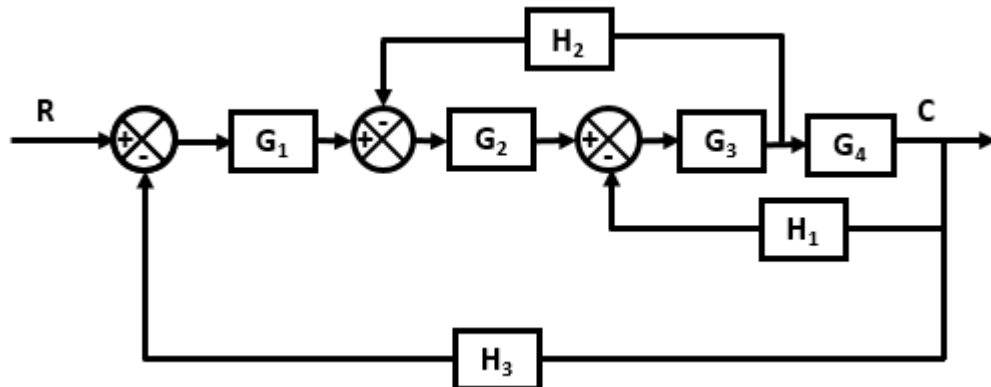


- C) (3)

Explain follow up control system with an example. Also draw function block diagram for the same.

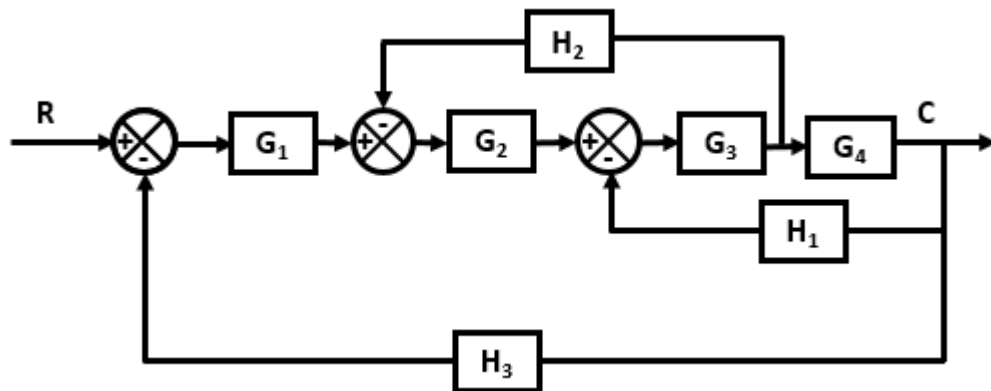
- 2) Determine the transfer function of the block diagram given using Block reduction method.

A)



(5)

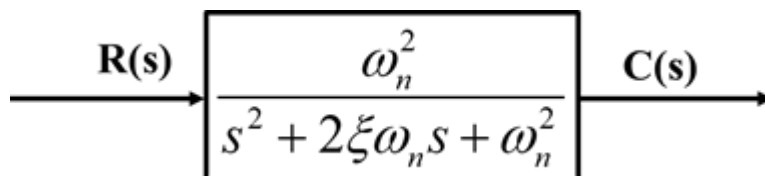
- B) Draw the signal flow graph for the block diagram shown below and determine the transfer function using Mason's Gain method.



(5)

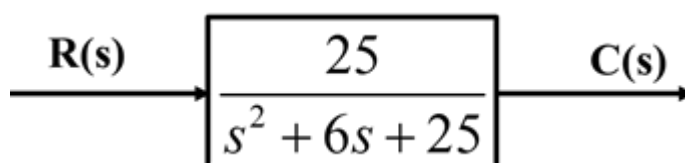
- 3) Perform the time response analysis of control system shown below for the unit impulse input signal. The value of damping ratio is i) in between 0 to 1 and ii) greater than 1. Also plot the nature of output signal.

A)



(5)

- B) Find the time domain specifications of a control system shown in figure below when the unit step signal is applied as an input to the control system.

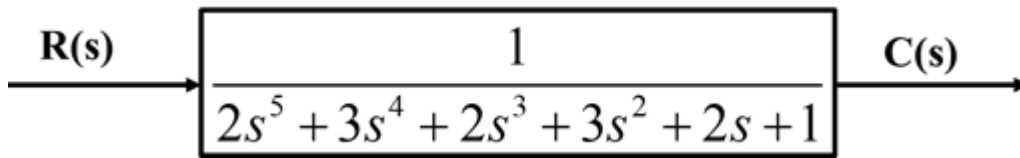


(5)

- 4) Construct Routh array and determine the number of poles in the left half-plane, right-half plane, and on imaginary axis for the control system given below.

(5)

A)



B) Find the state space model for the system having transfer function

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{5}{s^3 + 4s^2 + 7s + 2} \quad (3)$$

C) Determine steady state error constants for type-one system for step and ramp input. (2)

5) Obtain root locus plot for the unity feedback system with transfer function given as

$$A) \quad G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} \quad (7)$$

B) Verify the controllability and observability of a linear time-invariant system is described by the state space model as,

$$\dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} [u] \quad (3)$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

-----End-----