

Exam Date & Time: 10-Jan-2024 (02:30 PM - 05:30 PM)



MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, JAN 2024

Non-Conventional Energy Systems [MME 4078]

Marks: 50

Duration: 180 mins.

A

Answer all the questions.

Instructions to Candidates: Answer ALL questions Missing data may be suitably assumed

- 1) Sketch and explain the construction and functioning of a solar global radiation measuring instrument (3)
- A)
- B) Explain the solar power generation techniques, providing a detailed sketch that illustrates the key components involved. (3)
- C) Calculate monthly average hourly global and hourly diffuse radiation during the month of January on a horizontal surface at Mumbai (19.07° N, 72.8° E) with the given data. (4)

Time 10:30 PM to 11:30 PM (LAT). The average number of sunshine hours per day is 10 ;

a = 0.27 b = 0.43 for Monthly average daily solar radiation. Klein's recommendation for the month of June is 11. For Monthly average hourly radiation;

$$a = 0.409 + 0.5016 \sin(\omega_s - 60)$$

$$b = 0.6609 - 0.4767 \sin(\omega_s - 60).$$

Equations required to do the calculation.

$$\cos \theta = \sin \phi (\sin \delta \cos \beta + \cos \delta \cos \gamma \cos \omega \sin \beta) + \cos \phi (\cos \delta \cos \omega \cos \beta - \sin \delta \cos \gamma \sin \beta) + \cos \delta \sin \gamma \sin \omega \sin \beta$$

$$\delta = 23.45 \sin \left(\frac{360}{365} (284 + n) \right)$$

$$\omega_s = \cos^{-1}(-\tan \phi \tan \delta)$$

$$\text{LAT} = \text{Standard time} \pm 4(\text{Standard time longitude} - \text{longitude of location}) + (\text{Equation of time correction})$$

$$I_0 = I_{sc} \left(1 + 0.033 \cos \frac{360n}{365} \right) * (\sin \phi \sin \delta + \cos \phi \cos \delta \cos \omega)$$

$$H_0 = \frac{24}{\pi} I_{sc} \left(1 + 0.033 \cos \frac{360n}{365} \right) * (\omega_s \sin \phi \sin \delta + \cos \phi \cos \delta \sin \omega_s)$$

$$\frac{\overline{H_g}}{\overline{H_0}} = a + b \left(\frac{\bar{S}}{\overline{S_{max}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\overline{H_d}}{\overline{H_g}} = 1.416 - 1.696 \left(\frac{\overline{H_g}}{\overline{H_0}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\overline{I_g}}{\overline{H_g}} = \frac{\overline{I_0}}{\overline{H_0}} (a + b \cos \omega)$$

$$\frac{\overline{I_d}}{\overline{H_d}} = \frac{\overline{I_0}}{\overline{H_0}}$$

- 2) Explain the working of the horizontal axis wind turbine. (3)
 - A)
 - B) Differentiate between the floating drum and fixed dome-type biogas plant. (3)
 - C) Explain the various methods of conversion of biomass into a useful form of energy. (4)
- 3) Compare the Solar water heater design and Solar air heater design in the context of solar thermal energy systems. (3)
 - A)
 - B) Explain the working of tube type and Bulb type turbine (3)
 - C) A neat sketch of Solar- Earth Geometry demonstrates the various angles required to measure the solar radiation intensity at a particular location (4)
- 4) Categories the various techniques of extracting the geothermal energy (3)
 - A)
 - B) Explore and discuss the diverse applications of Ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) power generation. (3)
 - C) How are the tides forming? Derive an expression for power output from a tide having an amplitude “R” (4)
- 5) Explain the working of the Thermionic power generation techniques (3)
 - A)
 - B) Explain the working of Closed cycle MHD power generation system (3)
 - C) Sketch and explain the working of Dolphin type wave energy conversion device (4)

-----End-----