

Reg. No.			

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES I SEMESTER M.Sc. (CHEMISTRY)

END SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER & DECEMBER 2023 SPECTROSCOPY-I [CHM 5104]

(CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM - 2021)

Time: 3 Hours Date:	

MAX. MARKS: 50

Note (i) Answer ALL questions

(ii) Draw diagrams, and write equations wherever necessary

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1A	Describe the Intensities of rotational spectral lines based on Boltzmann distribution law. Calculate J _{max} for a diatomic molecule at 300 K, having the rotational constant 1.566 cm ⁻¹ .	3	2	2
1B	How do you distinguish the following using IR spectroscopy? i) Intra molecular and inter molecular hydrogen bonding ii) Primary and secondary amines iii) Geometrical isomers	3	4	2
1C	Define Raman shift. Calculate the Raman shift in cm ⁻¹ and anti-stoke's line in nm when a sample was excited by 435 nm line of mercury and a Raman stoke's line was observed at 477 nm.		4	
2A	Predict the different types of electronic transitions involved in acetaldehyde and cyclohexane. Write ascending order of energies involved in those transitions.		5	2
2B	Distinguish between the following. i) Bathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts in UV-spectroscopy ii) Stoke's and Anti-stoke's lines in Raman spectroscopy iii) Coupled vibrations and Fermi resonance in IR spectroscopy	3	4	
2C	Describe the working principles of FTIR instrument and write any two advantages of it over the dispersive IR. Why is symmetric stretching vibration of CO ₂ IR inactive.	4	4	
3A	Calculate the λ _{max} for the following molecule using Woodward-Fieser rule.	3	4	
3B	Explain the working principle of Flame Emission Spectroscopy. Mention it's drawback.	3	3	
3C	What is Doppler effect? Explain the factors responsible for the width of spectral lines	3	1	
4A	Explain the procedure for the quantitative determination of sodium present in a sample of water using Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy technique. How is the background correction carried out in this technique?		3	

4B	Prove that the set of symmetry operations of a molecule belonging to C _{2v} point group forms an Abelian group.	3	2	3
4C	Define Sn symmetry operation that can be carried on organic molecules. Identify the point groups for the following molecules. i) NO ₃ ii) m-dichlorobenzene iii) Steepend S		5	3
5A	Explain the function of hollow cathode lamp, atomizer, and monochromator in Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy		3	2
5B	Explain the following interferences observed in Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy i) Spectral ii) Chemical iii) Bulk		3	2
5C	Based on the symmetry aspects, explain why NH ₃ is a dipole while CH ₄ is a non-	4	5	3
	Describe the interaction of organic molecules with the following electromagnetic radiation.			
	(i) Infrared (ii) UV-visible	K - H	-0	

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