

**DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES, I SEMESTER M.Sc. (PHYSICS)**  
**END SEMESTER MAKE UP EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2023**  
**CLASSICAL MECHANICS [PHY5152]**

Time: 3 Hours

Date: 5/12/2023

Time: 9-12 PM

MAX. MARKS: 50

**Note** (i) Answer ALL questions.

(ii) Draw diagrams, and write equations wherever necessary

		Marks	CO	BL
1A	Show that a projectile motion in a resistive medium is described by $x = \frac{U}{k} (1 - e^{-kt})$ and $y = -\frac{gt}{k} + \frac{kV+g}{k^2} (1 - e^{-kt})$ , where $x = U$ , $y = V$ when $t = 0$ , $k =$ resistive force per unit velocity per unit mass. Obtain an expression for its time of flight when the air resistance is small.	5	1	1,2
1B	Obtain expressions for velocity using polar coordinate system. Show the followings using spherical coordinates $\hat{e}_r = \hat{e}_\theta (\dot{\theta}) + \hat{e}_\phi (\dot{\phi} \sin \theta)$	2+3	1	3
2A	What do you mean by ‘central force field’? explain. In a conservative central force field show that the total energy of a system of two bodies is constant.	2+3	3	2
2B	With a neat diagram explain the concept of “scattering in a central force field” and obtain an expression for differential scattering cross section in terms of scattering angle $\phi$ .	5	2	1
3A	What do you mean by Coriolis force? Explain. Obtain an expression for deflection produced by Coriolis force on a freely falling particle.	2+3	3	2
3B	State D’Alembert's principle. Obtain Lagrange’s Equations of motion for both conservative and non conservative forces using D’Alembert's principle.	2+3	4	2
4A	Obtain equations of motion for a bead sliding along an uniformly rotating wire in a force-free space using Lagrangian equation of motion by neglecting potential energy].	5	4	1, 3
4B	What do you mean by a rigid body? Obtain relations connecting the components of total angular momentum with the components of the angular velocity of a rigid body rotating about a fixed origin.	2+3	5	1
5A	Obtain equations of motion for a simple pendulum with moving support.	5	5	2
5B	Obtain Hamilton’s canonical equations of motion. Show that $\sum q_i Q_i$ generates the exchange transformation in which position coordinates and momenta can be interchanged.	2+3	4	2

[illegible]