



SECOND SEMESTER M.TECH. (AVIONICS)
MAKEUP EXAMINATIONS, JUNE 2024

DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS [AAE 5433]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

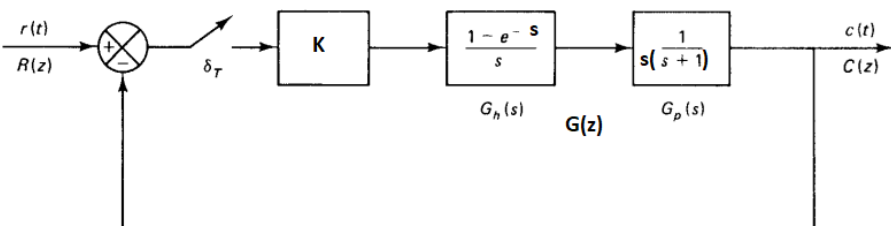
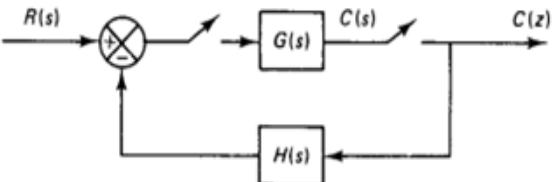
Time: 3 Hours

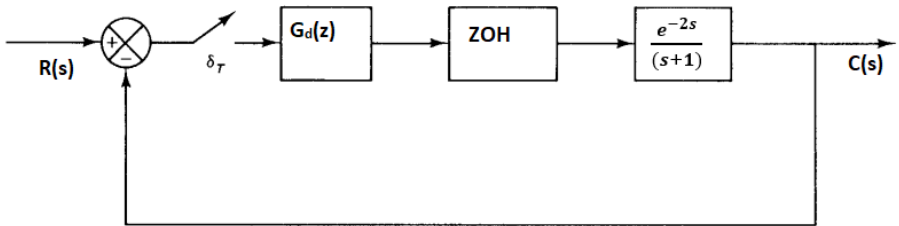
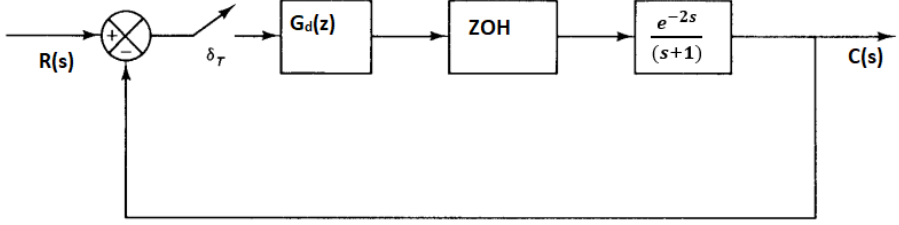
Date: 24 JUNE 2024

Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed.

Q.N O	Questions	Mark s	C O	BT L
1A.	Find $E(z)$ if the transfer function of the system is $E(s) = \frac{5}{s(s+1)(s+5)}$	(03)	1	3
1B.	Determine the inverse Z transform of the function $X(z) = \frac{z(z+2)}{(z-1)^2}$ using long division method. Consider $k = 0, 1, 2, 3$	(02)	1	3
1C.	Determine the stability of the given closed-loop control system when $K=1$. The open loop pulse transfer function of the system is $G(z) = \frac{0.3679z+0.2642}{(z-0.3679)(z-1)}$ 	(05)	3	4
2A.	Evaluate the pulse transfer function and step response of the following system. 	(04)	2	3
2B.	Analyze the stability of the system with characteristic equation $P(z) = z^4 - 1.2z^3 + 0.2z^2 + 0.05z - 0.001 = 0$, using Jury's stability test.	(06)	3	4

3A.	<p>For a digital temperature control system with a digital PI controller have the given specifications,</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Develop the transient specifications Determine the dominant closed loop poles <p>Specifications: Sampling period = 1 sec, dominant closed loop poles with the damping ratio $\zeta = 0.5$, number of samples per cycle of damped sinusoidal oscillation is 10.</p> 	(04)	4	3
3B.	<p>For a digital temperature control system with a digital PI controller have the given specifications,</p> <p>Specifications: Sampling period = 1 sec, dominant closed loop poles with the damping ratio $\zeta = 0.5$, number of samples per cycle of damped sinusoidal oscillation is 10</p> <p>The pulse transfer function of the plant is</p> $G_{ho}G_p(z) = \frac{0.6321}{z^2(z-0.3679)}$ <p>Design the controller by determining $G_d(z)$ and K.</p> 	(06)	4	6
4A.	<p>The motion of a satellite in equatorial is given by the state equation</p> $y(k+2) + 3y(k+1) + 2y(k) = u(k)$ <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Develop the discrete state model For the input $u(k) = 1, k \geq 1$, Solve output $y(k)$. <p>Where $y(0)=0, y(1)=0, T= 1$ sec</p>	(05)	5	4
4B.	<p>Analyse the controllability and observability of a computer control system with the given state space model.</p> $x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(k)$ $y(k) = [1 \quad 1]x(k)$	(03)	5	4
4C.	<p>Determine the roots of the system if the system matrix is</p> $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$	(02)	2	3
5A.	<p>Briefly explain the terminologies settling time, peak time, maximum overshoot and steady-state error</p>	(03)	5	2

5B.	With the help of mathematical equations illustrate how controller is switching from a sampling period to a faster sampling period .	(03)	5	3
5C.	Find the transfer function corresponding to a digital positioning system with the state space matrices as given below $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -0.4 & -1.3 \end{bmatrix} ; B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} ; C = [1 \quad 1] ; D=0$	(04)	4	3