



# MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

## MANIPAL

(A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

**SECOND SEMESTER M.TECH. (DEFENCE TECHNOLOGY)**

**END SEMESTER MAKE UP EXAMINATIONS, JUNE 2024**

**DATA ACQUISITION, TRACKING AND POST FLIGHT ANALYSIS [AAE 5060]**

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

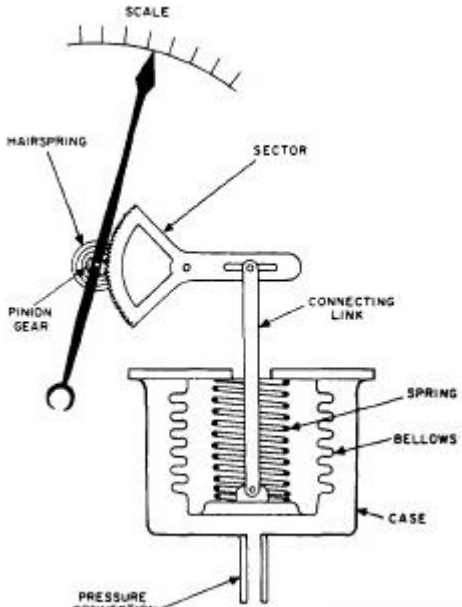
**Time: 3 Hours**

**Date: 26th June 2024**

**Max. Marks: 50**

**Instructions to Candidates:**

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed.

Q.NO	Questions	Marks	CO	BTL
1A.	Write a note on classification of instruments and direct and indirect measurements with appropriate examples.	[5M]	1	2
1B.	For the measuring instrument given below, draw the generalized block diagram of all function components and explain its working.  	[5M]	2	4
2A.	Consider a Pressure control system with a tank capacity of 0 to 2 Kg/cm <sup>2</sup> . A pressure transmitter is used and calibrated to give an output of 4 to 20 mA. A data acquisition system with a resolution of 10 bit is used with an input range of 0 to 20mA. If the pressure value is 0.6 Kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , calculate (a) the binary value that will be stored in memory of the system. (b) find out the input pressure change and transmitter change, if there is a 1bit change in the memory (minimum detectable pressure).	[5M]	2	4

2B.	Draw the block diagram of a typical data acquisition system and explain its functional blocks.	[3M]	2	1																				
2C.	What is aliasing? Explain.	[2M]	2	1																				
3A.	<div>The table given below lists a sample of experimental data.</div> <table><tr><td>Value</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td><td>11</td></tr><tr><td>Frequency of Occurrence</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>3</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>6</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td></tr></table> <div>Calculate (a) Arithmetic Mean, (b). Mean Deviation (c). Std. Deviation, (d). Probable error of one reading, (e). Probable error of mean, and (f). Std. Deviation of Std. Deviation.</div>	Value	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Frequency of Occurrence	2	3	3	6	7	6	4	3	2	[5M]	3	4
Value	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11															
Frequency of Occurrence	2	3	3	6	7	6	4	3	2															
3B.	Draw the circuit of a non-inverting summing amplifier and derive an expression for its output.	[5M]	3	3																				
4A.	Differentiate primary and secondary sensing elements with an example.	[2M]	2	1																				
4B.	A thermocouple provides 0.56mV at 10°C and 0.68mV at 500 °C. Design an amplification circuit to get an output of 0 to 5V.	[3M]	4	4																				
4C.	<div>Design a second-order Sallen-Key low-pass filter circuit using operational amplifiers to meet the following specifications:</div> <div>a) Cutoff frequency (fc): 1 kHz</div> <div>b) Passband gain (A_pass): -3 dB (unity gain)</div> <div>c) Quality factor (Q): 0.707 (Butterworth response)</div>	[5M]	4	4																				
5A.	Write a note on second order systems and its time domain response.	[3M]	4	2																				
5B.	Explain any four static characteristics of a measuring instrument	[2M]	4	2																				
5C.	Design a RTD circuit with wheat stone bridge for an input temperature of 200 °C to 600 °C, with a required output of 0 to 5V. Consider a 10bit ADC which is used to convert the analog signal to digital and interfaced with a computer. Calculate the corresponding binary value stored in the memory if the current temperature is 350 °C.	[5M]	5	5																				