

II SEMESTER M.TECH. (CSIS) (DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING) END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2024 SUBJECT: AI AND ML TECHNIQUES IN CYBER SECURITY (CSE - 5416) REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM (XX/XX/2024)

Time: 9:30 am to 12:30 pm

MAX.MARKS: 50

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:-

- Answer **ALL** the questions.
- Missing data may be suitable assumed.

												Marks
1A.	Spam detection is an example of pattern recognition because spam has a											5M
	largely predictable set of characteristics, and an algorithm trained to recognize											
	those characteristics as a pattern by which to classify emails. Is it possible that											
	spam detection problem can also be an anomaly detection problem. Justify.											
	Also Illustrate some other applications that clearly fall in the category of											
	pattern recognition.											
1B.	Identify the algorithm which detects anomalies by fitting the SVM with data								3M			
	belonging to only a single class.											
1C.	List and explain the drawbacks of k-nearest neighbor model.									2M		
2A.	Given the following shingling matrix and permutations for some documents									5M		
	(d_1, d_2, d_3)	d3):										
	$d_1 d_2 d_3$											
	2	5	3	0	1	1						
	4	1	4	1	1	0						
	6	2	6	1	1	0						
	1	3	2	0	0	1	₽					
	5	4	1	0	1	1						
	3	6	5	1	1	1		Signat]			
	 Complete the corresponding signature matrix by Min-Hashing. Compute the Jaccard similarities between documents. To produce clusters of similar items, one must find groups of signature that overlap in many places. Discuss the two ways to do this. 										s. f signatures	
2B.	Discuss the algorithm that divides data sets up into subgroups of high-density									3M		
	regions and the number of clusters is not operator defined but instead inferred											
	from t	he data										

2C.	Outline the number of techniques to address the feature selection problem.						
3A.	Generalize some considerations that data scientists use to improve data						
	collection.						
3B.	Depict and discuss a typical malware attack flow.						
3C.	Using feature engineering, analyze and write the features to detect different	2M					
	kinds of attacks on web application.						
4A.	Suppose that you have concluded from your data that if more than 20 new	4M					
	accounts are created from the same IP address in the same hour, these accounts						
	are certain to be fake. Scoring at account creation time, can count creation						
	attempts per IP address in the past hour and block if the counter is greater than						
	20. For any attack, there will still be 20 fake accounts that got through and are						
	free to send spam. If you score newly created accounts once per hour and take						
	down any group of more than 20 from the same IP address, you will block all						
	the spammers, giving them each one hour to wreak havoc. Clearly a robust						
	approach combines instances of both techniques. Analyze and illustrate with						
	valid answer.						
4B.	An anomaly detection system that raises too many false positive alerts to	3M					
	security operations personnel should take advantage of the correct labels						
	given by human experts during the alert triaging phase to retrain and improve						
	the model. Analyze the given example and describe and depict it with suitable						
	justification.						
4C.	List and discuss the different approaches to speed up machine learning	3M					
	applications for performance bottlenecks in the program execution						
	framework, find more efficient algorithms or using parallelism.						
5A.	Briefly outline the concept of model poisoning and evasion attack.	5M					
5B.	"Even perfect learners can display vulnerabilities because the Bayes error rate	3M					
	might be a non-zero". Justify with a suitable answer.						
5C.	Discuss the working of botnets.	2M					